

HEALTH AND WELLBEING BOARD

7 November 2018

Title:	Joint Strategic Needs Assessment 2018
Report of the Director of Public Health	
Open Report	For Decision
Wards Affected: ALL	Key Decision: Yes
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Sponsor: Matthew Cole, Director of Public Health, London Borough of Barking and Dagenham	
Summary: This report comprises the 2018 Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA). It takes a themed approach, based upon the priority areas of the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Best start in life• Early diagnosis and intervention• Resilience. This paper aims to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• allow the Health and Wellbeing Board to discharge its duties in relation to the JSNA• present updated demographic and health data in the context of the draft Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy 2019–2023.	
Recommendation(s) The Health and Wellbeing Board is recommended to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) Approve the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment 2018, as set out at Appendix A to the report;(ii) Agree that the findings of the JSNA should be taken into account in the development of strategies and the appraisal of strategies developed by partner organisations; and(iii) Support the commissioning of services by partner organisations that align with the JSNA findings.	
Reason(s) The JSNA provides the evidence base on which strategic decisions of the Health and	

Wellbeing Board are made. It directly informs the development of the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy. The Health and Wellbeing Board has a statutory responsibility for the JSNA and the Council and the NHS Barking and Dagenham Clinical Commissioning Group have an equal and joint duty to prepare it.

1 Introduction and Background

- 1.1 Local authorities and Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs) have a joint and equal statutory responsibility to produce a Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) via the Health and Wellbeing Board.¹
- 1.2 The aim of a JSNA is to provide timely, relevant information on the needs of the population to inform key strategies (most notably, the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy) and commissioning decisions.
- 1.3 Its ultimate purpose in doing so is to improve the population's health and reduce health inequalities.

2 What has the approach been in 2018?

- 2.1 This JSNA report is based upon presentations given to three themed workshops informing the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy in July 2018. As such, this JSNA directly provided an evidence base for the refreshed 2019–2023 Strategy.
- 2.2 The workshops each addressed one of the three themes of the Strategy:
 - best start in life
 - early diagnosis and intervention
 - resilience.
- 2.3 In addition to the sections based on the three presentations, this JSNA contains a socio-demographic profile to provide context to the themed chapters.

3 Issues

- 3.1 As this is a themed report, it does not cover all areas. A 'deep dive' into vulnerable groups is planned to supplement this report. We will also be considering how the JSNA could be done differently in the future.

4 Mandatory Implications

Joint Strategic Needs Assessment

- 4.1 The appended report comprises the 2018 JSNA.

Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy

- 4.2 The 2018 JSNA has directly informed the revised JHWS; the presentations upon which this report is based were created for three stakeholder workshops that informed the JHWS in July 2018.

¹ Department of Health. *JSNAs and JHWS statutory guidance*. London: DH; 2013 [<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/jsnas-and-jhws-statutory-guidance>].

Integration

- 4.3 The JSNA is a partnership report and provides information of relevance to different partners.

Financial Implications

Implications completed by Olufunke Adediran, Group Accountant.

- 4.4 This report is mainly for information and sets out to provide the Health and Wellbeing Board the evidence base required to make strategic decisions on key health issues affecting residents of the London Borough of Barking and Dagenham. As such there are no financial implications arising directly from the report. However, the information set out does provide a useful context for the financial pressures faced by both Health and Social Care within the Borough.

Legal Implications

Implications completed by Dr Paul Feild, Senior Governance Lawyer

- 4.5 The Health and Social Care Act 2012 conferred the responsibility for health improvement to local authorities. In addition, as a best value authority under the Local Government Act 1999 there is a duty on the Council to secure continuous improvement. The Health and Well-Being Board terms of reference establish its function to ensure the delivery of which the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment is a key component.

Risk Management

- 4.6 Any commissioning decisions based on the JSNA will need to be risk assessed.

Patient / Service User Impact

- 4.7 As stated above, the ultimate aims of the JSNA are to improve the population's health and to reduce health inequalities. However, it does so in an indirect way, through providing an evidence base for commissioning. The impact of the JSNA on patients and service users is therefore dependent on the quality and usefulness of the information provided and how it is used by commissioners.
- 4.8 To address the former point, about the content of the JSNA, by following the three themes of the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy, we anticipate that this will be a valuable resource for commissioners. We recognise that a single document cannot contain all information needed for commissioning, which is why we leave open the possibility of 'deep dives' to supplement this report.
- 4.9 To address the latter point, about how the JSNA is used, we are planning to take the JSNA to the Barking and Dagenham Delivery Partnership and would ask all members of the Health and Wellbeing Board to disseminate the JSNA widely once published.

5 Non-mandatory Implications

Crime and Disorder

- 5.1 Officers went to the council's Community Safety Partnership on 26 September 2018 to ask for comments from board members about the approach to the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy and Joint Strategic Needs Assessment. Work has also been undertaken to ensure that the upcoming Community Safety Plan and the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy are aligned.

Safeguarding

- 5.2 Any commissioning decisions based on the JSNA will need to consider safeguarding issues.

Property / Assets

- 5.3 None.

Customer Impact

- 5.4 See patient/service user impact.

Contractual Issues

- 5.5 None.

Staffing issues

- 5.6 None.

Public Background Papers Used in the Preparation of the Report:

- Department of Health. *JSNAs and JHWS statutory guidance*. London: DH; 2013 [<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/jsnas-and-jhws-statutory-guidance>].
- The JSNA is referenced; please see footnotes in the appended report.

List of Appendices:

Appendix A Joint Strategic Needs Assessment 2018